

**MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED
REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

**The Scottish Housing Regulator No HCB159
Financial Conduct Authority No 1904R(S)
Scottish Charity Number SC032468**

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

BOARD, EXECUTIVES AND ADVISERS

Board

Lindsey Forrest	Chair elected 30 September 2021
Paul Imrie	Vice-chairperson
Isabella McTaggart	
Tim Holmes	
Raphael Rickson	
Jenny Crowe	
Caitlyn Maccabe	
Roger Popplewell	Resigned as Chair on 22 September 2021 but still a Board member
Valerie Wilson	Appointed 24 May 2021
Colin O'Hara	Resigned 24 March 2022
Richard Turnock	Resigned 22 September 2021
Janaki LakshmiNarayanan	Resigned 21 August 2021
Najah Plakaris	Resigned 1 August 2021

Co-optees

John McCann	Appointed 30 November 2021, Resigned 22 June 2022
Viola McDade	Appointed 28 April 2022

Registered Office

45 Garrioch Road
Maryhill
Glasgow
G20 8RG

Executive Officers

Bryony Willett	Chief Executive (Secretary appointment ended 29 April 2021)
Jennifer Simon	Director of Operations
Rebecca Wilson	Director of Resources and Secretary (Secretary appointment commenced 29 April 2021)

External auditor

Azets Audit Services
Titanium 1
King's Inch Place
Renfrew
PA4 8WF

Internal auditor

Wylie & Bisset
168 Bath Street
Glasgow
G2 4TP

Bankers

Royal Bank of Scotland
4th Floor
110 Queen Street
Glasgow
G1 3BX

Solicitors

T C Young
7 West George Street
Glasgow
G2 1BA

Harper McLeod LLP
The Ca'd'oro
45 Gordon Street
Glasgow
G1 3PE

Registration numbers

The Scottish Housing Regulator	HCB159
Financial Conduct Authority	1904R(S)
Registered Scottish Charity	SC032468

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MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

REPORT OF THE BOARD (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The Board presents their report and the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022.

Legal Status

The Association is a registered non-profit making organisation under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 (No.1904R(S)). The Association is governed under its Rule Book. The Association is a registered Scottish Charity with the charity number SC032468.

Principal Activity

The principal activity of the Association is the provision and management of social housing for rent and the maintenance, development, and regeneration of its community base of Maryhill and Ruchill.

Review of Business and Future Developments

COVID-19 Impact

In March 2020, in response to the restrictions relating to the COVID-19 (covid) pandemic, the Association closed its offices and restricted delivery of services within customers' homes to all but essential services. Home working arrangements were put in place for the vast majority of office based staff, whilst the on-site Neighbourhood Team service moved to restricted duties and a reduced staff rota. The Association has implemented regular monitoring of the resulting impact on activities, risk management actions and service relaunch. The Association gradually relaunched its services during 2020 and all key services were running throughout 2021-22. The pandemic did continue to impact the business as the Association and its contractors faced covid-related absences. The impact of the covid pandemic was reported to the Association's Board quarterly throughout 2021 – 2022. Key impacts were delays to the Association's Investment and cyclical maintenance programmes, longer empty property turnaround times and delays delivering reactive repairs. During 2021 – 2022 the covid pandemic did not have a material impact on the Association's going concern status.

Corporate Governance

Maryhill Housing Association Limited is governed by a voluntary Board which is elected by its members. Its responsibility is to agree the long term strategy, business plan and overall direction of the Association. The Board is supported by the Chief Executive, Directors, and specialist staff. The Association reviews its Governance Effectiveness Plan annually. The Board elected a new Chair in September 2021. Actions in the 2021/22 Governance Effectiveness Plan included recruitment of new Board Members, induction of the new Chair and development of governance structures for the Association's subsidiary Maryhill Living. Board meetings remained virtual for the majority of 2021/2022 with in-person meetings resuming in January 2022.

The Audit and Risk Committee also continued to meet virtually quarterly during 2022 and a new Chair was also elected in November 2021.

The Board is accountable to the members of the Association. The Board serves in a voluntary capacity, and we recognise that this puts more onus on us to set and achieve high standards of professionalism. Board appraisals are carried out annually and we have a programme of training to assist with Board members' development.

During 2021/22 we successfully recruited two new Board members (one customers and one independent Board member). We work with nine Registered Tenants Organisations (RTOs) and are committed to providing customers with opportunities to influence the organisation's future. Our approach to tenant scrutiny was developed in partnership with the Tenants' Information Service. The Service Improvement Panel (scrutiny group) have not been operational due to the pandemic and the Association's approach to scrutiny will be reviewed in 2022/23.

The Association's Board conforms to a clear Code of Conduct to ensure the highest standards of governance are maintained and any potential breaches of our Code of Conduct are treated seriously and managed in line with the process set out in the Code of Conduct.

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REPORT OF THE BOARD (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT) FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

The rules of the Association require the Board to have a customer majority. The current board composition is 5 customers and 5 non-customers. The Association under the rules has 6 months to rectify the situation, which in this case is a deadline of 22 December 2022.

Strategic Planning

The Board commenced the process of developing a new Corporate Plan in autumn 2021 and approved a new Corporate Plan in March 2022. The new plan sets out a new clarified mission statement, vision for the future, strategic priorities, and organisational values. The plan was developed with the staff team drawing on a range of feedback from customers, stakeholders, and the external environment. The 2022/23 annual Corporate Business Plan pulls together these strategic and service priorities, risks, and financial capacity into a single document. The Delivery Plan for 2022/23 sets out tangible projects to be delivered during 2022/23. This will be approved by the Board in June 2022. Each team sets its own Team Delivery Plan which supports the achievement of the organisation-wide Delivery Plan.

The Association's vision is: Great homes in strong and thriving communities.

Our mission is: Providing great housing and services for our customers; supporting strong, inclusive communities in North West Glasgow.

Our values are to:

- Think customer first.
- Take responsibility
- Embrace people's differences
- Keep improving.

Our long-term strategic objectives are to:

- Improve customer experience
- Enable better lives
- Provide places to feel proud of
- Build a sustainable business

Achievements and Performance

Summary

2021/22 was the final year of the 2019 – 2022 Corporate Plan and saw improvements in performance and delivery of key projects. Significant achievements in 2021/22 included:

- Recruitment of new tenant Board Members and successful induction of a new Chair of the Board
- Delivering a range of landlord health and safety improvements following detailed external testing of current approaches
- Achievements of over £150k of efficiency savings against a target of £100k
- Good progress replacing over 300 traditional storage heaters with air source heat pumps
- Launching MyHome for repairs which allows customers to book a repair appointment online at a time to suit them
- Extending youth provision from our Glenavon high rise and Maryhill Locks developments
- Reducing rent arrears to pre pandemic levels

However, this is offset against key challenges including:

- The covid pandemic and Brexit which has led to delays in our new build programme, property investment programme and a risk of increased costs
- Reductions in customer satisfaction in all areas as measured by our 2021 customer satisfaction survey
- High staff absence and turnover, partly related to the covid pandemic.
- Overspends in the cost of repairing empty properties (voids)
- Delays assessing options to invest in our homes to meet the zero carbon agenda.

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The Association submitted its third Annual Assurance Statement in November 2021 and self-assessed as compliant. The Scottish Housing Regulator also assessed the Association as compliant in March 2022. In 2022/23 the Regulator will engage with us around our Development Programme, landlord health and safety issues and render failure in our high-rise properties.

Value for money continues to be a key medium-term focus for Maryhill. In October 2017 the Association committed to achieving £750k of savings in seven years by 2024/25. This target was exceeded when £850k was identified by 2019/20. In 2021/22 ongoing savings of £151k were achieved against a target of £100k and this Corporate Business Plan sets a savings target of £100k per year for the next two years. The Association has a Value for Money Working Group and will report its 2022/2023 Value for Money Action Plan to Board in June 2022.

These savings facilitated a move to CPI-linked rent increases throughout every year of the long-term business plan.

This is a significant reduction in the rent increase assumptions contained in the 2019/2020 Corporate Business Plan and should ensure that our rents stay consistent with or lower than our peers and continue to be affordable to tenants in the long term.

The results for the year are shown in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. In the year to 31 March 2022 the Association made an operating surplus of £2,947,194 an overall surplus of £2,417,779 and had total comprehensive income of £3,572,779 due to actuarial gains on the defined benefit pension schemes of £1,155,000. The Association had net assets of £35,363,987 as at 31 March 2022.

Improving customer experience

Our 3 yearly tenant and owner survey was completed in 2021 by 40% of our customers. Unfortunately, satisfaction had reduced in 7 of the 8 key performance indicators since the previous survey in 2018. Overall satisfaction reduced from 80% to 74%. The exception to this was owners' satisfaction which remained static at 54% following a significant programme of improvements to the factoring service.

Our three yearly Corporate Plan identifies improving customer experience as a key priority for the Association. The main driver for the reduction in satisfaction was customer concerns about the Association's reactive repairs service. The Association was forced to change reactive repairs contractors during lockdown and this transition was challenging to manage with covid constraints on staff inspecting works and visiting customers in their homes. Customers also want to see more investment in their homes, particularly replacing windows and out-dated heating systems which will help to address fuel poverty.

At the start of 2020 the Association had approximately 1,000 properties heated by traditional electric storage heaters which are unpopular, expensive, and very difficult to control. In 2019 the Association commissioned a feasibility study to consider options for the replacement of these heating systems and in 2020 commenced a pilot project to install thirty air source heat pumps in our mini multi and high-rise properties and over £1.5m in external grant funding has been secured to help fund the cost of installing air source heat pumps in a further 330 properties. This project is due to complete by August 2022. Our 2022/23 financial business plan sets aside resources to replace all of these heating systems with a more energy efficient solution over the next four years.

Customer feedback from complaints and other sources also suggests that customer experience of contacting the Association needs to improve. During 2019 we developed a new Customer Charter. Implementation of this was delayed due to covid but was rolled out in 2022. The Customer Charter sets out what standards our customers can expect from us. This will be supplemented by some further Customer first training in 2022.

In 2019 we also launched our customer portal so that customers can contact the Association in a way and time that suits them. During 2021/22 we developed this functionality and are working towards a full paperless option. In September 2021 we launched an online self-service for booking repairs.

In 2021/22 we continued our focus on developing our staff team. We supported a number of staff through professional qualifications. We have experienced high staff turnover in 2021/2022 – mainly driven by the buoyant labour market and a number of staff leaving to move to promoted posts elsewhere in the sector. A

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talent management and succession plan will be developed by December 2022 to try to develop and retain talent in the business where possible.

Enabling better lives

During 2021/22 we continued to benefit from funding from the Scottish Government and Local Government to support our tenants and the wider Maryhill and Ruchill communities through the covid pandemic. In total we have secured over £170k to support our customers.

In 2019 we successfully delivered a project to provide internet free of charge to customers in our high-rise blocks. Seventy five percent of customers in these blocks have received this service and in 2020 the Association took the decision to extend this service permanently. Customers in our mini-multi blocks will also receive access to high speed internet access as part of receiving their Smart Heating air source heat pump installation.

Consultation and involvement with tenants is vital to the Association and during 2019/20 we produced a new Customer Engagement Strategy which set out a new innovative approach to customer consultation developed in partnership with the Scottish Federation of Housing Association's Innovation Hub. This new focus on more digital communication has significantly improved our response rates. Over 500 tenants told us what they thought about rent increase proposals in Autumn 2021. We have continued to work with Registered Tenants Organisations and other local stakeholders third sector partners throughout the pandemic.

The Association continues to form strong partnerships to maximise the impact of services in the community. Our current partners include local community councils, Glasgow Life, Jobs, and Business Glasgow, LifeLink, Action for Children, Young Movers (YoMo), North United Communities, neighbouring housing associations Queens Cross Housing Association, North Glasgow Housing Association, Cadder Housing Association, Police Scotland, the Fire Service and Community Safety Glasgow. Projects delivered through these partnerships include job clubs; IT classes; ESOL classes, youth clubs, parenting support; fire safety briefings and counselling support.

In 2020 and 2021 we delivered our Maryhill Helps scheme funded through contractor sponsorship to provide shopping vouchers for over 300 children in Maryhill and Ruchill at Christmas each year.

In 2020 we reviewed our Procurement and Community Benefits Policy to maximise benefits from high spend capital project such as new build schemes and stronger contractual levers, such as invoicing in advance for community benefits. Our Community Fund was a great success in 2021/22 channelling £50k back into the community.

In 2020 we reviewed our Customer Kitty customer grants and bursary scheme and in 2021/2022 awarded over £10k to support customers to improve their employment prospects; take up education opportunities and enrich their lives.

Providing places to feel proud of

Maryhill Housing Association wants to ensure that all its homes are maintained to an excellent standard, and we do this through a programme of cyclical and planned maintenance work and renewal as well as through our reactive repair service.

In 2021/22 our investment programme was impacted by the pandemic, although not as significantly as in 2020/21. Key projects such as the installation of air source heat pumps were delivered but completion was delayed into 2022. We also delivered significant fire safety works in our multi-storey properties. In total we spent £3.8m improving customers' homes during 2021/22 through component replacements.

The Association's Board approved a new five year Investment Plan in March 2022 as part of our new Corporate Business Plan. In 2022/23 our focus will be delivering improvements that will help to reduce customers' fuel bills in response to the cost of living crisis such as internal wall insulation, boiler replacement, window renewal and electric heating replacements. A second priority will be addressing customer priorities such as common

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area improvements. We are projecting to spend £4.2m on improvements in 2022/23. We will supplement our resources with grant funding for energy efficiency improvements where possible.

In Spring 2017 we launched a new partnership approach to the delivery of new housing with Queens Cross Housing Association Limited through the North West Partners Development Hub which is responsible for developing a joint development programme of 600 units over five years. The main benefits of this approach are sharing skills and expertise; increased strategic and political impact in the North of Glasgow; attracting skilled development staff looking for a challenge and economies of scale and efficiencies. Our Board approved a revised Development Policy in November 2022. We will build new affordable housing that contributes to meeting our strategic objectives, is viable, is aligned with the priorities set out in the Glasgow Housing Strategy and Strategic Housing Investment Plan and responds to the North West Glasgow Housing Needs and Demand Assessment. The key priorities identified for development are:

- Low density family housing;
- Tenure diversification;
- Older people's accommodation;
- Specialist accommodation (e.g., for people with disabilities); and
- Sites of strategic importance to the regeneration of Maryhill (e.g. derelict buildings).

We have two schemes totalling approximately 80 units currently on site. We have one further scheme of approximately twenty units with planning consent. This scheme is currently being re-tendered.

During 2021/22 we have developed the governance framework for our subsidiary Maryhill Living in preparation for commencing trading later in 2022. We have recruited new Board Members for Maryhill Living bringing relevant expertise and the Board has elected a Chair. Maryhill Living will manage the mid-market rent properties which are included within the newbuild development programme due for completion in 2022 and also the longer term pipeline programme.

The Association has partnered with Glasgow City Council, Glasgow Housing Association, and the Scottish Government to deliver a masterplan for the North Maryhill Transformational Regeneration Area. The Association will continue to work with partners to secure grant funding to deliver this regeneration.

Performance Management

Service delivery is underpinned by employee performance and remains a high priority. The Association is committed to staff training and development and in 2021/22 we continued to invest in a programme of professional qualifications for our finance, HR, IT, housing, property, and customer contact teams. Our performance management framework and Team Delivery Plans are clearly linked to appraisal objectives and corporate Delivery Plan priorities.

A rolling programme of internal audit supports the Association's values around 'keep improving' and compliance. In 2021/22 internal audits were completed in respect of budgetary and financial planning, procurement and community benefits, allocations and void management, factoring and staff recruitment and retention. Actions following these audits are being tracked through our Audit and Risk Committee. The audit programme for 2022/2023 has been approved by the Association's Board. In addition to traditional internal audits the Association has also commissioned additional specialist third line of defence reviews, such as specialist landlord health and safety audits and Cyber Essentials for IT security.

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Treasury Management

The Association secured a new loan facility in 2019 to support our new build programme. The Association procured the services of an external treasury adviser to provide support during this process. The new £35m facility with Royal Bank of Scotland (RBS) delivers improved margins for the Association.

Under the terms of the loan agreement with RBS the Association is required to meet a number of financial covenants. The Association's latest 30-year business plan, approved in March 2022, projects that the interest cover loan covenant will potentially be breached in 2024/25. This potential breach arises due to the business plan containing estimated contingency costs in 2023/24 for the potential costs for replacement of the render and windows at the Association's three high rise properties. This contingency has been included for planning purposes only at this stage whilst mediation progresses with the contractor. RBS have indicated in principle that, in the event this one-off major spend occurs, they will allow this to be excluded from the covenant.

In June 2020 the Association implemented its first annual Treasury Strategy covering all aspects of treasury management. The latest annual Treasury Strategy was approved in June 2022.

Risk Management

The Association maintained a strategic risk register and a strategic risk map during 2021/22. This was reviewed in detail in 2020 to incorporate covid risks. This assesses the business risks faced by the organisation and implements risk management controls to mitigate the risk where possible. This involves identifying the types of risks, prioritising them in terms of likelihood and impact and identifying and implementing controls. Strategic risks are monitored quarterly by the Association's Audit and Risk Committee and Board.

The approach to risk management has been reviewed and a new monitoring framework introduced that clearly sets out risk prevention and mitigation actions and ensure accountability for their delivery. A new Risk Management Policy is due to be approved by the Association's Audit and Risk Committee and Board in June 2022.

Board Members and Executive Officers

The members of the Board and the Executive Officers are listed on the first page of the financial statements.

Each member of the Board holds one fully paid share of £1 in the Association. The Executive Officers hold no interest in the Association's share capital and, although not having the legal status of Directors, they act as Executives within the authority delegated by the Board.

The members of the Board are also Trustees of the Association for the purposes of charity law. Members of the Board are appointed by the members at the Association's Annual General Meeting.

Statement of the Board's Responsibilities

Housing Association legislation requires the Board to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Association and of the income and expenditure of the Association for that period. In preparing those financial statements the Board is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently.
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Association will continue in business.

The Board is responsible for proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Association. The Board must ensure that the Financial Statements comply with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2021 issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Association and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement on Internal Financial Control

The Board acknowledges its ultimate responsibility for ensuring that the Association has in place a system of controls that is appropriate for the business environment in which it operates. These controls are designed to give reasonable assurance with respect to:

- the reliability of financial information used within the Association, or for publication.
- the maintenance of proper accounting records; and
- the safeguarding of assets against unauthorised use or disposition.

It is the Board's responsibility to establish and maintain systems of internal financial control. Such systems can only provide reasonable and not absolute assurance against material financial misstatement or loss. Key elements of the Association's systems include ensuring that:

- formal policies and procedure are in place, including the on-going documentation of key systems and rules relating to the delegation of authority, which allows the monitoring of controls and restricts the unauthorised use of the Association's assets.
- experienced and suitably qualified staff take responsibility for important business functions and annual appraisal procedures have been established to maintain standards of performance.
- forecasts and budgets are prepared which allow the management team and the Board to monitor key business risks, financial objectives and the progress being made towards achieving the financial plans set for the year and for the medium term.
- monthly and quarterly financial management reports are prepared promptly, providing relevant, reliable and up to date financial and other information, with significant variances from budget being investigated as appropriate.
- regulatory returns are prepared, authorised, and submitted promptly to the relevant regulatory bodies.
- all significant new initiatives, major commitments and investment projects are subject to formal authorisation procedures, through the Board.
- the Board receives reports from management and from the external and internal auditors to provide reasonable assurance that control procedures are in place and are being followed and that a general review of the major risks facing the Association is undertaken; and
- formal procedures have been established for instituting appropriate action to correct any weaknesses identified through internal or external audit reports.

The Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the system of internal financial control in existence in the Association for the year ended 31 March 2022. No weaknesses were found in the internal financial controls which resulted in material losses, contingencies or uncertainties which require disclosure in the financial statements or in the auditor's report on the financial statements.

Donations

During the year the Association made charitable donations amounting to £2,050 (2021: £1,680).

Disclosure of information to the auditor

To the knowledge and belief of each of the persons who are members of the Board at the time the report is approved:

- so far as the Board members are aware, there is no relevant information of which the Association's auditor is unaware; and
- he/she has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a Board member in order to make himself/herself aware of any relevant information, and to establish that the Association's auditor is aware of the information.

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

**REPORT OF THE BOARD (INCORPORATING THE STRATEGIC REPORT)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

Auditor

Azets Audit Services have expressed their willingness to continue as auditor and will be proposed for reappointment at the AGM.

The Report of the Board (incorporating the Strategic Report) has been approved by the Board and signed on its behalf by:

By order of the Board



Rebecca Wilson
Secretary
Date: 22 August 2022

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON THE STATEMENT OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Maryhill Housing Association Limited (the 'Association') for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Statement of Financial Position, the Statement of Changes in Capital and Reserves, the Statement of Cash Flows, and the notes to the financial statements, including significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion, the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Association's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended.
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, Part 6 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010 and the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019 issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard and we have fulfilled our ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the Board's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Association's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the Board with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The Board is responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

Our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements, or our knowledge obtained in the course of the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON THE STATEMENT OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Group accounts: Section 99(3) of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014

We agree with the opinion of the Board of the Association that it would be of no real value to the members of the Association to consolidate or include the financial statements of the Association's subsidiary in group financial statements required to be prepared under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies (Group Accounts) Regulations 1969 for the year ended 31 March 2022, because of the immaterial nature of the subsidiary's transactions in the year as the subsidiary was dormant.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- a satisfactory system of control over transactions has not been maintained; or
- the Association has not kept proper accounting records; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the books of account; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we need for our audit.

Responsibilities of the Board

As explained more fully in the Statement of the Board's Responsibilities set out on page 6, the Board is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Board determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible for assessing the Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board either intend to liquidate the Association or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

The extent to which the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities including fraud

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above and on the FRC's website, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud.

We obtain and update our understanding of the Association, its activities, its control environment, and likely future developments, including in relation to the legal and regulatory framework applicable and how the Association is complying with that framework. Based on this understanding, we identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. This includes consideration of the risk of acts by the Association that were contrary to applicable laws and regulations, including fraud.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON THE STATEMENT OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements (continued)

Our approach to identifying and assessing the risks of material misstatement in respect of irregularities, including non-compliance with laws and regulations, was as follows:

- the engagement partner ensured that the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence, capabilities, and skills to identify or recognise non-compliance with applicable laws and regulations;
- we identified the laws and regulations applicable to the Association through discussions with the Board members and the senior management team, and from our knowledge and experience of the RSL sector;
- we focused on specific laws and regulations which we considered may have a direct material effect on the financial statements or the operations of the Association, including the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, Part 6 of the Housing (Scotland) Act 2010, the Determination of Accounting Requirements 2019 issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator and taxation, data protection, anti-bribery, employment, environmental and health and safety legislation;
- we assessed the extent of compliance with the laws and regulations identified above through making enquiries of the senior management team and the Board and inspecting legal correspondence; and
- identified laws and regulations were communicated within the audit team regularly and the team remained alert to instances of non-compliance throughout the audit.

In response to the risk of irregularities and non-compliance with laws and regulations, we designed procedures which included, but were not limited to:

- agreeing financial statement disclosures to underlying supporting documentation;
- reading the minutes of meetings of the Board and relevant sub-committees;
- enquiring of the senior management team and the Board as to actual and potential litigation and claims;
- reviewing legal and professional fees paid in the year for indication of any actual and potential litigation and claims; and
- reviewing correspondence with HMRC, the Scottish Housing Regulator, OSCR and the Association's legal advisors.

We assessed the susceptibility of the Association's financial statements to material misstatement, including obtaining an understanding of how fraud might occur, by:

- making enquiries of the senior management team and the Board as to where they considered there was susceptibility to fraud, their knowledge of actual, suspected, and alleged fraud; and
- considering the internal controls in place to mitigate risks of fraud and non-compliance with laws and regulations.

To address the risk of fraud through management bias and override of controls, we:

- performed analytical procedures to identify any unusual or unexpected relationships.
- tested journal entries to identify unusual transactions;
- assessed whether judgements and assumptions made in determining the accounting estimates were indicative of potential bias; and
- investigated the rationale behind significant or unusual transactions.

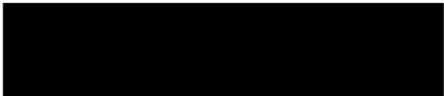
MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON THE STATEMENT OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Use of our report

Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

This report is made solely to the Association's members, as a body, in accordance with Section 87 of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Association's members, as a body, those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Association and the Association's members, as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



**Azets Audit Services
Statutory Auditor
Chartered Accountants**

Titanium 1
King's Inch Place
Renfrew
PA4 8WF

Date: 23 August 2022

Azets Audit Services is eligible for appointment as auditor of the Association by virtue of its eligibility for appointment as auditor of a company under section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED ON THE STATEMENT OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

In addition to our audit of the financial statements, we have reviewed your statements on page 7 concerning the Association's compliance with the information required by the Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial control contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes which are issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator.

Basis of Opinion

We carried out our review having regard to the requirements on corporate governance matters within Bulletin 2009/4 issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The Bulletin does not require us to review the effectiveness of the Association's procedures for ensuring compliance with the guidance notes, nor to investigate the appropriateness of the reason given for non-compliance.

Opinion

In our opinion the Statement on Internal Financial Control on page 7 has provided the disclosures required by the relevant Regulatory Standards within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial control and is consistent with the information which came to our attention as a result of our audit work on the Financial Statements.

Through our enquiry of certain members of the Board and Executive Officers of the Association and examination of relevant documents, we have satisfied ourselves that the Board's Statement on Internal Financial Control appropriately reflects the Association's compliance with the information required by the relevant Regulatory Standards in respect of internal financial control contained within the publication "Our Regulatory Framework" and associated Regulatory Advisory Notes issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator in respect of internal financial controls.



Azets Audit Services, Statutory Auditor
Eligible to act as an auditor in terms of Section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006

Titanium 1
King's Inch Place
Renfrew
PA4 8WF

Date: 23 August 2022

Azets Audit Services is eligible for appointment as auditor of the Association by virtue of its eligibility for appointment as auditor of a company under section 1212 of the Companies Act 2006.

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

**STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

	Notes	£	2022 £	£	2021 £
Turnover	4		13,960,548		13,940,482
Operating expenditure	4		(11,013,354)		(10,510,916)
Operating surplus	4		2,947,194		3,429,566
Gain on sale of housing stock	10	33,268		44,972	
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment		(5,775)		-	
Release of negative goodwill	11	232,118		305,565	
Interest receivable and other income	12a	2,667		4,095	
Interest payable and similar charges	12b	(728,693)		(861,568)	
Other finance charges	13	(28,000)		(4,000)	
Movement in fair value of investment properties	17	(35,000)		-	
			(529,415)		(510,936)
Surplus for the year before tax	9		2,417,779		2,918,630
Tax	14		-		-
Surplus for the year after tax			2,417,779		2,918,630
Other comprehensive income					
Actuarial gain / (loss) recognised in the SHAPS liability	33		560,000		(1,044,000)
Actuarial gain / (loss) recognised in the SPF liability	33		595,000		(282,000)
Total comprehensive income			3,572,779		1,592,630

The results for the year relate wholly to continuing activities.

The notes form part of these financial statements.

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Notes	£	2022 £	£	2021 £
Tangible fixed assets					
Housing properties	15		71,163,538		61,081,414
Other fixed assets	17		1,506,634		1,553,714
			<u>72,670,172</u>		<u>62,635,128</u>
Negative goodwill	11		(9,560,546)		(9,792,664)
Investments					
Investment in subsidiary	18		1		1
Current assets					
Stocks - NSSE	19	263,875		670,481	
Debtors	20	1,490,889		814,759	
Investments	21a	-		623,361	
Cash and cash equivalents	21b	5,719,532		6,975,977	
			<u>7,474,296</u>	<u>9,084,578</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	22	(3,973,759)		(3,227,917)	
Net current assets			<u>3,500,537</u>		<u>5,856,661</u>
Total assets less current liabilities			<u>66,610,164</u>		<u>58,699,126</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	23	(31,164,177)		(25,499,916)	
Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme Liability	33	-		(834,000)	
Strathclyde Pension Scheme liability	33	(82,000)		(574,000)	
Net assets			<u><u>35,363,987</u></u>		<u><u>31,791,210</u></u>
Capital and reserves					
Share capital	25		126		128
Revenue reserve	26		34,988,861		31,381,082
Other reserve	26		375,000		410,000
			<u><u>35,363,987</u></u>		<u><u>31,791,210</u></u>

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board on 22 August 2022 and are signed on their behalf by:

Valerie Wilson

Board member

Isabella McTaggart

Board member

Rebecca Wilson

Secretary

The notes form part of these financial statements.

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN CAPITAL AND RESERVES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Share Capital £	Other Reserve £	Revenue Reserve £	Total £
Balance as at 1 April 2020	123	410,000	29,788,452	30,198,575
Issue of shares	6	-	-	6
Cancellation of shares	(1)	-	-	(1)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	1,592,630	1,592,630
Transfer	-	-	-	-
Balance as at 31 March 2021	<u>128</u>	<u>410,000</u>	<u>31,381,082</u>	<u>31,791,210</u>
Balance as at 1 April 2021	128	410,000	31,381,082	31,791,210
Issue of shares	2	-	-	2
Cancellation of shares	(4)	-	-	(4)
Total comprehensive income	-	-	3,572,779	3,572,779
Transfer	-	(35,000)	35,000	-
Balance as at 31 March 2022	<u>126</u>	<u>375,000</u>	<u>34,988,861</u>	<u>35,363,987</u>

The notes form part of these financial statements.

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Note	£	2022 £	£	2021 £
Net cash generated from operating activities	27		4,527,404		4,656,104
Cash flow from investing activities					
Acquisition and construction of properties		(11,959,693)		(4,096,987)	
Purchase of other fixed assets		(47,595)		(50,817)	
Social housing grant received		6,568,187		3,255,170	
NSSE - cost		(2,007,334)		(730,743)	
NSSE - grant		2,413,940		60,262	
Proceeds on disposal of properties		37,413		61,912	
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment		100		-	
Interest received		2,667		4,095	
			(4,992,315)		(1,497,108)
Cash flow from financing activities					
Interest paid on loans and bank charges		(728,693)		(870,572)	
Share capital issued		2		6	
Payment of past service contributions		(307,004)		(273,997)	
Withdrawal / (increase) in investments		623,361		(3,609)	
Loans repaid		(379,200)		(240,000)	
			(791,534)		(1,388,172)
Net change in cash and cash equivalent			(1,256,445)		1,770,824
Opening cash and cash equivalents			6,975,977		5,205,153
Closing cash and cash equivalents			5,719,532		6,975,977

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

Analysis of net debt

	<i>At 1 April 2021</i>	Cash flows	Non-cash movements	At 31 March 2022
	£	£	£	£
Cash and cash equivalents				
Cash	5,885,853	(1,256,554)	-	4,629,299
Cash equivalents	1,090,124	109	-	1,090,233
	<u>6,975,977</u>	<u>(1,256,445)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>5,719,532</u>
Investments	623,361	(623,361)	-	-
Borrowings				
Debt due within one year	(249,000)	379,200	(518,400)	(388,200)
Debt due after one year	(10,892,985)	-	527,400	(10,365,585)
	<u>(11,141,985)</u>	<u>379,200</u>	<u>9,000</u>	<u>(10,753,785)</u>
Net debt	<u>(3,542,647)</u>	<u>(1,500,606)</u>	<u>9,000</u>	<u>(5,034,253)</u>

The notes form part of these financial statements.

1. General information

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards including Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice) and comply with the requirements of the Determination of Housing Requirements as issued by the Scottish Housing Regulator and the Statement of Recommended Practice for Social Housing Providers issued in 2018. The principal accounting policies are set out below.

The preparation of these financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgement in applying the Association's accounting policies (note 3).

The presentational currency is pound sterling, and the financial statements are rounded to the nearest whole number.

The Association is a Co-operative and Community Benefit Society Limited by shares and is incorporated in Scotland. The Association is a registered social landlord (HCB159) and a registered charity (SC032468). The registered address is 45 Garrioch Road, Maryhill, Glasgow, G20 8RG.

The Association is defined as a public benefit entity and thus the Association complies with all disclosure requirements relating to public benefit entities.

2. Principal accounting policies

a) Basis of accounting

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, subject to the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with applicable accounting standards.

The effect of events relating to the year ended 31 March 2022, which occurred before the date of approval of the financial statements by the Board has been included in the financial statements to the extent required to show a true and fair view of the state of affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of the results for the year ended on that date.

b) Group financial statements

The Association has a fully owned subsidiary, Maryhill Living Limited which is dormant and thus Group financial statements have not been prepared.

c) Going concern

The Board of Management has a reasonable expectation that the Association has adequate resources, based on a review of long-term forecasts to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future and continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the Financial Statements.

2. Principal accounting policies (continued)

d) **Turnover**

Turnover represents rental and service charge income receivable, fees receivable and revenue grants receivable from the Scottish Government, Glasgow City Council and other agencies. Also included are management fees for the factoring of properties for private owners as the provision of factoring services is accounted for on an agency basis. First tranche shared ownership sales are also included in turnover.

e) **Apportionment of management expenses**

Direct employee, administration and operating expenditure have been apportioned to the relevant sections of the Statement of Comprehensive Income on the basis of costs of staff directly attributable to the operations dealt with in the financial statements.

The costs of cyclical and major repairs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the year which they are incurred.

f) **Interest receivable and other income**

Interest receivable is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income on an accrual's basis.

g) **Interest payable and similar expenses**

Finance costs are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income over the term of the debt using the effective interest method so that the amount charged is at a constant rate on the carrying amount. Issue costs are initially recognised as a reduction in the proceeds of the associated capital instrument.

h) **Tangible fixed assets - Housing properties**

Housing properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Housing under construction and land are not depreciated. The Association has applied a change in accounting estimate in the year 2021-21 which is reflected in the Statement of Comprehensive Income prospectively. The Association depreciates housing properties by major component on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful economic lives of each identified component. All components are categorised as Housing Properties within note 15. Impairment reviews are carried out if events or circumstances indicate that the carrying value of the components listed below is higher than the depreciated replacement amount.

Capitalisation limit

A housing component is an asset which costs £1,000 including VAT or more to purchase, with a useful life of more than one year; or assets of a lesser value may be capitalised if they form part of a group, with a group value in excess of £1,000 including VAT with an individual value greater than £250.

2. Principal accounting policies (continued)

Component	New Useful Economic Life
Structure	60 years
Roofing	60 years
Guttering/downpipes	30 years
Exterior walls	40 years
Windows	30 years
Balconies	50 years
Front Door Flat	60 years
Front and Rear Door House	25 years
Close Entry Door	20 years
Balcony Door Flat	35 years
Floor finish	50 years
Common Area Door	30 years
Kitchens	20 years
Bathrooms	30 years
Central heating – pipes & radiators	30 years
Central heating – boilers	15 years
Central heating – electric storage	30 years
ASHP	25 years
Water Tanks	30 years
Electrics	30 years
Communal lighting	20 years
Lifts	30 years

*Not previously recognised as a separate component.

i) Tangible fixed assets – Other fixed assets

Capitalisation limit

A fixed asset is an asset which costs £250 including VAT or more to purchase, with a useful life of more than one year; or assets of a lesser value may be capitalised if they form part of a group, with a group value in excess of £250 including VAT with and individual value greater than £100.

Other fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is charged on a straight-line basis over the expected economic useful lives of the assets at the following annual rates: -

	Useful Economic Life
Offices premises	60 years
Furniture & Fittings	8 years
Portable Equipment	3 years
Static Equipment	5 years
Motor vehicles	4 years

The carrying value of other fixed assets is reviewed for impairment at the end of each reporting period.

2. Principal accounting policies (continued)

j) New Supply Shared Equity

Shared equity units are held in stock along with the grant received. On completion of the first tranche sale which is recognised in turnover, the Association's obligations ceases, and the remaining cost and grant are derecognised.

k) Negative goodwill

Negative goodwill created through acquisition is written-off to the Statement of Comprehensive Income as the housing units acquired are depreciated or sold.

l) Operating leases

Rentals paid under operating leases are charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

m) Investment properties

Investment properties are held at market value with any changes in market value recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

n) Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment.

o) Rental arrears

Rental arrears represent amounts due by tenants for the rental of social housing properties at the year-end. Rental arrears are reviewed regularly by management and written down to the amount deemed recoverable. Any provision deemed necessary is shown alongside gross rental arrears in note 20.

p) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash is represented by cash in hand and deposits with financial institutions repayable without penalty on notice of not more than 24 hours. Cash equivalents are highly liquid investments that mature in no more than three months from the date of acquisition and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash with insignificant risk of change in value.

2. Principal accounting policies (continued)

q) Financial instruments

The Association only enters into basic financial instruments transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and related parties.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at the present value of the future cash flows and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration, expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, like the payment of a trade debt deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate or in case of an out-right short-term loan not at market rate, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets are derecognised when contractual rights to the cash flows from the assets expire, or when the Association has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities are derecognised only once the liability has been extinguished through discharge, cancellation, or expiry.

r) Government capital grants

Government capital grants, at amounts approved by The Scottish Government or Glasgow City Council, are paid directly to the Association as required to meet its liabilities during the development process. This is treated as a deferred capital grant and is released to income in accordance with the accrual model over the useful life of the asset it relates to on completion of the development phase. The accrual model requires the Association to recognise income on a systematic basis over the period in which the Association recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate.

s) Government revenue grants

Government revenue grants are recognised using the accrual model which means the Association recognises the grant in income on a systematic basis over the period in which the Association recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate.

t) Non-government capital and revenue grants

Non-government capital and revenue grants are recognised using the performance model. If there are no performance conditions attached the grants are recognised as revenue when the grants are received or receivable.

A grant that imposes specific future performance related conditions on the recipient is recognised as revenue only when the performance related conditions are met.

A grant received before the revenue recognition criteria are satisfied is recognised as a liability.

u) Development administration costs

Development administration costs relating to development activities are capitalised based on an apportionment of the staff time spent directly on this activity.

2. Principal accounting policies (continued)

w) Pension costs (note 33)

Scottish Housing Associations' Pension Scheme (SHAPS)

The Association is a member of the Scottish Housing Associations' Pension Scheme (SHAPS) Defined Contribution Pension Scheme with the pension offer to staff being a choice of either the standard defined contribution scheme, which is also used for auto-enrolment, or an enhanced defined contribution scheme. These two defined contribution options are for all existing and new employees, outwith those that are members of the Strathclyde Pension Fund. The cost of the employer's contributions is charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income on an accrual's basis.

The Association closed the SHAPS Defined Benefits Pension Scheme on 1 April 2021 with all employee members transferring into one of the two SHAPS Defined Contribution Pension Scheme options above from that date. Defined benefit entitlements accrued up to 31 March 2021 were retained and payments by the Association in respect of any past service liabilities continue. The retained retirement benefits to employees of the Association are funded by the contributions from all participating employers and employees in the scheme. Payments are made in accordance with periodic calculations by consulting actuaries and are based on pension costs applicable across the various participating Associations taken as a whole.

The SHAPS is accounted for as a defined benefit scheme and as such the amount charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in respect of pension costs and other post-retirement benefits is the estimated regular cost of providing the benefits accrued in the year, adjusted to reflect variations from that cost. The interest cost is included within other finance costs/income. Actuarial gains and losses arising from new valuations and from updating valuations to the reporting date are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

Strathclyde Pension Fund

The Strathclyde Pension Fund is accounted for as a defined benefit scheme. In accordance with FRS 102, the operating and financing costs of pension and post retirement schemes (determined by a qualified actuary) are recognised separately in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Service costs are systematically spread over the service lives of the employees and financing costs are recognised in the period in which they arise.

Defined benefit schemes are funded, with the assets held separately from the Association in separate trustee administered funds. Full actuarial valuations, by a professionally qualified actuary, are obtained at least every three years, and updated to reflect current conditions at each reporting date.

The amount charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in respect of pension costs and other post-retirement benefits is the estimated regular cost of providing the benefits accrued in the year, adjusted to reflect variations from that cost. The interest cost is included within other finance costs/income. Actuarial gains and losses arising from new valuations and from updating valuations to the reporting date are recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

The pension scheme assets are measured at fair value. The pension scheme liabilities are measured using the projected unit method and discounted at the current rate of return on a high quality corporate bond of equivalent term and currency. A pension scheme asset is recognised on the Statement of Financial Position only to the extent that the surplus may be recovered by reduced future contributions or to the extent that the trustees have agreed a refund from the scheme at the reporting date. A pension scheme liability is recognised to the extent that the Association has a legal or constructive obligation to settle the liability.

3. Judgements in applying policies and key sources of estimation uncertainty

Estimation Uncertainty

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to make estimates and assumptions which affect reported income, expenses, assets, and liabilities. Use of available information and application of judgement are inherent in the formation of estimates, together with past experience and expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual results in the future could differ from such estimates.

The members of the Board consider the following to be critical judgements in preparing the financial statements:

- The categorisation of housing properties as property, plant and equipment in line with the requirements of the SORP;
- The amount disclosed as 'operating surplus' is representative of activities that would normally be regarded as 'operating'; and
- The identification of a cash-generating unit for impairment purposes.

The Board is satisfied that the accounting policies are appropriate and applied consistently. Key sources of estimation have been applied as follows:

Estimate

Basis of estimation

Valuation of housing properties

Housing properties are held at deemed cost which is based on an existing use valuation at the date of transition to FRS 102 of 1 April 2014.

Useful lives of property, plant, and equipment

The useful lives of property, plant and equipment are based on the knowledge of senior management at the Association, with reference to expected asset life cycles.

The main components of housing properties and their useful lives

The cost of housing properties is split into separately identifiable components. These components were identified by knowledgeable and experienced staff members and are based on costing models.

Recoverable amount of rental and other trade receivables

Rental arrears and other trade receivables are reviewed by appropriately experienced senior management team members on a case by case basis with the balance outstanding together with the payment history of the individual tenant being taken into account.

The obligations under the SHAPS pension scheme and Strathclyde pension scheme

These have relied on the actuarial assumptions of qualified actuaries which have been reviewed and are considered reasonable and appropriate.

The valuation of investment properties

The investment properties were valued by an appropriately qualified surveyor using market data at the date of valuation.

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

4. Particulars of turnover, operating expenditure, and operating surplus or (deficit)

	Note	2022			2021		
		Turnover	Operating Expenditure	Operating Surplus	Turnover	Operating Expenditure	Operating Surplus
Social lettings	5	13,657,888	10,774,000	2,883,888	13,651,456	10,224,120	3,427,336
Other activities	6	302,660	239,354	63,306	289,026	286,796	2,230
Total		<u>13,960,548</u>	<u>11,013,354</u>	<u>2,947,194</u>	<u>13,940,482</u>	<u>10,510,916</u>	<u>3,429,566</u>

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

5. Particulars of turnover, operating expenditure and operating surplus from social letting activities

	General Needs Housing £	Shared Ownership £	2022 Total £	2021 Total £
Revenue from lettings				
Rent receivable net of service charges	13,047,498	30,258	13,077,756	13,035,526
Service charges	97,340	2,890	100,230	135,815
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Gross income from rent and service charges	13,144,838	33,148	13,177,986	13,171,341
Less: Rent losses from voids	(143,412)		(143,412)	(199,941)
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net rents receivable	13,001,426	33,148	13,034,574	12,971,400
Release of deferred Government capital grants	340,230	-	340,230	316,554
Revenue grants from Scottish Ministers (Stage 3 adaptations)	49,038	-	49,038	44,970
Other revenue grants	234,046	-	234,046	318,532
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total turnover from social letting activities	13,624,740	33,148	13,657,888	13,651,456
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Expenditure on social letting activities				
Management and maintenance administration costs	5,384,048	13,609	5,397,657	5,441,041
Service costs	111,657	-	111,657	115,271
Planned and cyclical maintenance, including major repairs	1,924,937	-	1,924,937	1,010,993
Reactive maintenance costs	1,340,543	-	1,340,543	1,694,510
Bad debt – rents and service charges	125,782	-	125,782	112,456
Depreciation of social let properties	1,864,373	9,051	1,873,424	1,849,849
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Operating expenditure of social letting activities	10,751,340	22,660	10,774,000	10,224,120
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
Operating surplus on social letting activities 2022	2,873,400	10,488	2,883,888	
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	
Operating surplus on social letting activities 2021	3,415,552	11,784		3,427,336
	<hr/>	<hr/>		<hr/>

The depreciation charges of social let properties in the year was £1,845,590 (2021: £1,810,004). The net book value of disposed components was £27,834 (2021: £39,845).

Included in Other revenue grants is covid grant income received from Scottish Government and other funders of £nil (2021: £136,320) and Job Retention Scheme income of £nil (2021: £62,936). Included in Management and maintenance administration costs is disbursement of covid grant funding of £nil (2021: £120,279) and additional covid related costs incurred by the Association directly of £nil (2021: £64,782)

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

6. Particulars of turnover, operating expenditure and operating surplus or (deficit) from other activities

	Other Income £	Total Turnover £	Operating Expenditure - Bad Debts £	Operating Expenditure - Other £	Operating Surplus or (Deficit) 2022 £	<i>Operating Surplus or (Deficit) 2021 £</i>
Factoring	131,541	131,541	11,304	140,670	(20,433)	(14,046)
Development and construction of property activities	62,061	62,061	-	62,061	-	-
Commercial properties	23,408	23,408	-	-	23,408	23,242
Radio mast income	24,550	24,550	-	-	24,550	27,142
Sundry activities	61,100	61,100	-	25,319	35,781	(34,108)
Total from other activities 2022	302,660	302,660	11,304	228,050	63,306	
Total from other activities 2021	289,026	289,026	26,863	259,933		2,230

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

7. Employees

	2022	2021
	£	£
Staff costs during year:		
Wages and salaries	3,031,292	2,984,844
Social security costs	293,543	282,523
Pension costs	231,624	274,718
Defined benefit pension charge – SHAPS (Note 33)	9,000	9,000
Strathclyde Pension Fund service cost (Note 33)	90,000	33,000
Temporary, agency and seconded staff	57,455	33,935
Staff recruitment costs	16,993	37,264
	<u>3,729,907</u>	<u>3,655,284</u>

The SHAPS liability is subject to remeasurement each financial year.

During the past year, past service deficit contributions of £275,905 (2021: £268,120) were paid. Of this payment £267,265 (2021: £259,481) was a payment in respect of the SHAPS past service deficit liability. The remainder of £8,639 (2021: £8,639) was pension management costs which have been included in the pension contributions total included in staff costs above.

The unwinding of the SHAPS discount has been credited to finance costs (note 13) in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. This finance income was £15,000 (2021: cost of £2,000) in the year.

	2022	2021
	No.	No.
The average monthly number of full time equivalent employees during the year was	<u>92</u>	<u>89</u>
The average total number of employees employed during the year was	<u>98</u>	<u>94</u>

8. Directors' emoluments

The directors are defined as the members of the Board, the Chief Executive and any other person reporting directly to the Chief Executive or the Board whose total emoluments exceed £60,000 per year. No emoluments were paid to any member of the Board during the year. The Association considers key management personnel to be the members of the Board and the senior management team (as listed on the first page of the financial statements) of the Association only.

	2022	2021
	£	£
Aggregate emoluments payable to the key management team (and the only employees whose emoluments exceeded £60k) amounted to:	<u>232,759</u>	<u>222,758</u>

Total pension contributions to the key management team were £23,276 (2021: £22,287). The Social Security costs for these individuals were £28,340 (2021: £26,895). This does not include an element of the SHAPS past service deficit repayment. No enhanced or special terms apply to membership and the key management team have no other pension arrangements to which the Association contributes.

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

8. Directors' emoluments (continued)

	2022 £	2021 £
Total emoluments payable to the current Chief Executive (excluding pension contributions) amounted to:	<u>89,831</u>	<u>89,118</u>
Pension contributions payable to the current Chief Executive (excluding past service deficit repayments)	<u>8,938</u>	<u>8,923</u>

The Chief Executive is a member of the SHAPs pension scheme as detailed in note 33.

	2022 Number	2021 Number
The numbers of officers including the highest paid officer who received emoluments (excluding pension contributions but including payments for loss of office) in the following ranges were:		
£60,001 - £70,000	1	1
£70,001 - £80,000	1	1
£80,001 - £90,000	1	1
£90,001 - £100,000	-	-
£100,001 - £120,000	-	-
£120,001 - £130,000	-	-

9. Surplus for year before tax

	2022 £	2021 £
The surplus/(deficit) before tax is stated after charging/(crediting): -		
Depreciation – Housing properties	1,845,590	1,810,004
Depreciation – loss on disposal of components	27,834	39,845
Depreciation – Other fixed assets	53,800	62,191
External auditor's remuneration – Audit services excluding VAT	16,020	13,050
External auditor's remuneration – corporation tax compliance excluding VAT	300	570
Operating lease rentals	-	8,147

10. Gain on sale of housing stock

	2022 £	2021 £
Sales proceeds	37,413	61,912
Net book value of disposals	(4,145)	(16,940)
Gain on sale of housing stock	<u>33,268</u>	<u>44,972</u>

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

11. Negative goodwill

	2022 £	2021 £
Gross Goodwill		
At 1 April 2021	(12,690,347)	(12,690,347)
At 31 March 2022	<u>(12,690,347)</u>	<u>(12,690,347)</u>
Amortisation		
At 1 April 2021	2,897,683	2,592,118
Amortisation charge for year	232,118	305,565
At 31 March 2022	<u>3,129,801</u>	<u>2,897,683</u>
Net book value at 31 March 2022	<u><u>(9,560,546)</u></u>	<u><u>(9,792,664)</u></u>

12a. Interest receivable and similar income

	2022 £	2021 £
Bank interest	<u>2,667</u>	<u>4,095</u>

12b. Interest payable and similar charges

	2022 £	2021 £
On bank loans	575,935	699,646
Bank charges - non utilisation fees	152,758	161,922
	<u>728,693</u>	<u>861,568</u>

Offset within interest payable on bank loans is a £25,008 (2021: £25,008) credit in respect of the release of the cash incentive received when the loans were originally financed with RBS. This is being written off over the 20 year fixed term period. Included above is a £16,004 (2021: £16,004) charge in respect of the amortisation of loan arrangement fees in the year.

13. Other finance charges

	2022 £	2021 £
Strathclyde Pension Fund – finance charge (note 33)	13,000	6,000
SHAPS – unwinding of discount (note 33)	15,000	(2,000)
	<u>28,000</u>	<u>4,000</u>

14. Tax on surplus

The Association is a Scottish Charity and thus its charitable activities are not subject to tax in both 2021 and 2022. No (2021: £Nil) corporation tax is due on the Association's non-charitable activities.

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

15. Tangible fixed assets – Housing properties

	Housing properties held for letting £	Housing properties in course of construction £	Completed shared ownership properties £	Total £
Cost				
As at 1 April 2021	73,347,086	3,890,383	277,048	77,514,517
Additions during year				
Property	-	8,571,050	-	8,571,050
Components	3,388,643	-	-	3,388,643
Transfers between housing properties	202,662	(202,662)	-	-
Property	-	-	(7,323)	(7,323)
Components	(104,731)	-	-	(104,731)
As at 31 March 2022	<u>76,833,660</u>	<u>12,258,771</u>	<u>269,725</u>	<u>89,362,156</u>
Depreciation				
As at 1 April 2021	16,366,577	-	66,526	16,433,103
Charge for year	1,836,538	-	9,052	1,845,590
On disposals during year				
Property	-	-	(3,178)	(3,178)
Components	(76,897)	-	-	(76,897)
As at 31 March 2022	<u>18,126,218</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>72,400</u>	<u>18,198,618</u>
Net Book Value				
As at 31 March 2022	<u>58,707,442</u>	<u>12,258,771</u>	<u>197,325</u>	<u>71,163,538</u>
As at 31 March 2021	<u>56,980,509</u>	<u>3,890,383</u>	<u>210,522</u>	<u>61,081,414</u>

Additions to housing properties include capitalised development administration costs of £121,315 (2021: £171,172). The amount spent on maintenance of housing properties held for letting can be seen in note 5.

Total expenditure on existing and new properties in the year amounted to £14,665,196 (2021: £6,804,912). The amount capitalised is £11,959,693 (2021: £4,096,988), with the balance charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

The Association's Lenders have standard securities over housing property with a carrying value of £24,069,089 (2021: £24,370,869).

16a. Housing stock

	2022 No.	2021 No.
The number of units of accommodation in management at the year-end was: -		
General needs – New Build	568	568
General needs – Rehabilitation	2,474	2,474
Shared ownership	14	15
	<u>3,056</u>	<u>3,057</u>

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

16b. Investment properties

	2022 No.	2021 No.
The number of units of accommodation in management at the year-end was: -		
Lock ups	78	78
Shops	1	1
	<u>79</u>	<u>79</u>

17. Tangible fixed assets - Other fixed assets

	Investment Properties £	Office Premises £	Furniture, Fittings & Equipment £	Motor Vehicles £	Total £
Cost					
As at 1 April 2021	410,000	1,683,410	622,315	47,407	2,763,132
Additions	-	-	20,600	26,995	47,595
Transfers/ Valuation	(35,000)	(3,620)	3,620	-	(35,000)
Disposals	-	-	(125,064)	(19,800)	(144,864)
As at 31 March 2022	<u>375,000</u>	<u>1,679,790</u>	<u>521,471</u>	<u>54,602</u>	<u>2,630,863</u>
Depreciation					
As at 1 April 2021 as	-	613,309	558,189	37,920	1,209,418
Charge for year	-	23,758	25,768	4,274	53,800
Disposals	-	-	(124,964)	(14,025)	(138,989)
As at 31 March 2022	<u>-</u>	<u>637,067</u>	<u>458,993</u>	<u>28,169</u>	<u>1,124,229</u>
Net Book Value					
As at 31 March 2022	<u>375,000</u>	<u>1,042,723</u>	<u>62,478</u>	<u>26,433</u>	<u>1,506,634</u>
As at 31 March 2021	<u>410,000</u>	<u>1,070,101</u>	<u>64,126</u>	<u>9,487</u>	<u>1,553,714</u>

The fair value as at 31 March 2022 of the investment properties held totalled £375,000 (2021: £410,000). This is based on a valuation performed by Cushman & Wakeman in July 2021. The Management Committee consider this to be reflective of the fair value at 31 March 2022.

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

18. Investments

	2022 £	2021 £
Investment in subsidiary		
As at 31 March 2022 & 31 March 2021	1	1

The Association has a 100% owned subsidiary, Maryhill Living Limited.

The company was incorporated on 26 April 2011 and has not traded since incorporation.

The aggregate amount of capital and reserves and the results of Maryhill Living Limited for the year ended 31 March 2022 were as follows:

	2022 £	2021 £
Capital & reserve	1	1
Profit for the year	-	-

19. Stock – Shared equity housing units

	2022 £
Cost	
At April 2021	730,743
Additions	2,007,334
At 31 March 2022	2,738,077
SHG and other Grants	
At April 2021	60,262
Received during the year	2,413,940
At 31 March 2022	2,474,202
Net Book Value	
At 31 March 2022	263,875
At 31 March 2021	670,481

The stock represents the net book value (costs less grants) of 18 (2021:18) NSSE (New Supply Shared Equity) housing units whose first tranches have still to be sold.

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

20. Debtors

	2022	2021
	£	£
Arrears of rent & service charges	795,273	782,413
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	(540,237)	(522,215)
	255,036	260,198
Factoring arrears	135,810	139,552
Prepayments	133,628	101,265
Accrued income	840,112	215,893
Other debtors	126,303	97,851
	1,490,889	814,759

21a. Current asset investments

	2022	2021
	£	£
Deposit account	-	623,361

21b. Cash and cash equivalents

	2022	2021
	£	£
Cash at bank and in hand	4,629,299	5,885,853
Cash equivalents – short term deposits	1,090,233	1,090,124
	5,719,532	6,975,977

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

22. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2022 £	2021 £
Bank loans	388,200	249,000
Trade creditors	1,792,238	1,343,549
Rent in advance	635,130	550,154
Other taxation and social security	76,669	74,562
Amounts due to group undertakings	1	1
Retention creditors	226,373	142,598
Accruals and deferred income	372,292	415,183
HAG creditor	136,316	136,316
Deferred Government capital grant (note 24)	346,540	316,554
	<u>3,973,759</u>	<u>3,227,917</u>

23. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

	2022 £	2021 £
Bank loans	10,365,585	10,892,985
Deferred Government capital grant (note 24)	20,798,592	14,606,931
	<u>31,164,177</u>	<u>25,499,916</u>
Bank loans (< 1 year and > 1 year)		
Amounts due within one year	388,200	249,000
Amounts due in one year or more but less than two years	209,000	388,200
Amounts due in two year or more but less than five years	700,660	660,660
Amounts due in more than five years	9,455,925	9,844,125
	<u>10,753,785</u>	<u>11,141,985</u>

Bank loans are secured by specific charges on the Association's properties and are repayable at rates of interest between 2.07% and 6.83% in instalments. The loans are due to be repaid in full by 8 June 2041. Included in the loan balance is £224,981 (2021: £249,973) of a cash incentive which is being amortised and credited to interest over the 20 year fixed loan period, and £ 111,996 (2021: £127,988) of arrangement fees which are being released over the 10 year fixed term loan period.

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

24. Deferred Government capital grants

	2022 £	2021 £
Gross deferred Government capital grants		
At 1 April 2021	16,819,407	13,564,237
Addition in year	6,568,187	3,255,170
At 31 March 2022	<u>23,387,594</u>	<u>16,819,407</u>
Amortisation		
At 1 April 2021	(1,895,922)	(1,579,368)
Amortised in year	(346,540)	(316,554)
At 31 March 2022	<u>(2,242,462)</u>	<u>(1,895,922)</u>
Net book value at 31 March 2022	<u><u>21,145,132</u></u>	<u><u>14,923,485</u></u>

This is expected to be released to the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the following years:

	2022 £	2021 £
Amounts due within one year	346,540	316,554
1-2 years	566,199	330,208
2-5 years	1,831,000	1,007,192
> 5 years	18,401,393	13,269,531
	<u>20,798,592</u>	<u>14,606,931</u>
Total	<u><u>21,145,132</u></u>	<u><u>14,923,485</u></u>

25. Share capital

	2022 £	2021 £
Shares of £1 each issued and fully paid		
At 1 April 2021	128	123
Issued during the year	2	6
Cancelled during the year	4	(1)
At 31 March 2022	<u><u>126</u></u>	<u><u>128</u></u>

Each member of the Association holds one share of £1 in the Association. These shares carry no rights to dividend or distributions on a winding up. When a shareholder ceases to be a member, that person's share is cancelled, and the amount paid thereon becomes the property of the Association. Each member has a right to vote at members' meetings.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

26. Reserves

Revenue reserve

The revenue reserve includes all current and prior year retained surpluses or deficits.

Other reserve

The other reserve represents the cumulative gain or loss on the revaluation of investment properties.

27. Net cash generated from operating activities

Reconciliation of operating surplus to net cash generated from operating activities	2022 £	2021 £
Operating surplus	2,947,194	3,429,566
Depreciation including loss on disposal of components	1,927,225	1,912,040
Amortisation of deferred Government capital grants	(346,540)	(316,554)
Movement in debtors	(676,130)	61,864
Movement in creditors	576,655	(472,812)
SHAPS – remeasurements	9,000	9,000
Strathclyde Pension Fund service cost	90,000	33,000
	<u>4,527,404</u>	<u>4,656,104</u>
Net cash generated from operating activities	<u>4,527,404</u>	<u>4,656,104</u>

28. Related party transactions

Some members of the Board are tenants of the Association. The tenancies of these Board Members are on normal terms and the members cannot use their position to their advantage.

The total rent and service charge payable in the year relating to tenant Board members is £20,486 (2021: £22,787).

At the year-end total rent arrears owed by the tenant Board members were £192 (2021: £820). Prepaid rent at the year-end was £39 (2021: £181).

29. Legislative provisions

The Association is incorporated under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014.

30. Capital commitments

Capital expenditure that has been contracted for but has not been provided for in the financial statements	2022 £	2021 £
	<u>5,754,867</u>	<u>16,974,531</u>

The above commitments will be financed by:

Association's reserves	881,743	2,093,791
HAG	4,873,124	14,880,740
	<u>5,754,867</u>	<u>16,974,531</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

31. Commitments under operating leases

	2022	2021
	£	£
At the year-end, the total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases were as follows: -		
Not later than one year	332	8,147
Later than one year and not later than five years	1,439	-
Later than five years	-	-
	1,771	8,147

32. Governing body member emoluments

Board members received £145 in the year by way of reimbursement of expenses (2021: £Nil). No (2021: £Nil) remuneration was paid to Board members in respect of their duties in the Association.

33. Pensions

Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (SHAPS)

Maryhill Housing Association Limited (the 'Association') participates in the Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (SHAPS) (the "Scheme"). The Scheme is a multi-employer defined benefit scheme. There are six benefit structures available, namely:

- (a) Final salary with a 1/60th accrual rate.
- (b) Career average revalued earnings with a 1/60th accrual rate.
- (c) Career average revalued earnings with a 1/70th accrual rate.
- (d) Career average revalued earnings with a 1/80th accrual rate.
- (e) Career average revalued earnings with a 1/120th accrual rate, contracted-in; and
- (f) Defined contribution (DC) option.

An employer can elect to operate different benefit structures for their active members (as at the first day of April in any given year) and their new entrants. The DC option can be introduced by the employer on the first day of any month after giving a minimum of three months' prior notice.

The Association has elected to operate two DC options; an Auto Enrolled and an Enhanced Scheme for new and existing members, with the contribution rates being: Auto Enrolled employee 3%, employer 6%, Enhanced Scheme employee 5%, employer 10%.

The defined benefit Career Average revalued earnings with a 1/80th accrual rate option was closed with effect from 1 April 2020 with existing employee members transferring into one of the above DC options at that date. Therefore, the Association is incurring no future accruals in respect of any SHAPS defined benefit scheme with effect from 1 April 2020 however employee members retain any defined benefit pension benefits accrued up to that date.

The Trustee commissions an actuarial valuation of the Scheme every three years. The main purpose of the valuation is to determine the financial position of the Scheme in order to determine the level of future contributions required, so that the Scheme can meet its pension obligations as they fall due.

33. Pensions (continued)

Scottish Housing Association Pension Scheme (SHAPS) (continued)

The actuarial valuation assesses whether the Scheme's assets at the valuation date are likely to be sufficient to pay the pension benefits accrued by members as at the valuation date. Asset values are calculated by reference to market values. Accrued pension benefits are valued by discounting expected future benefit payments using a discount rate calculated by reference to the expected future investment returns.

The last triennial valuation of the Scheme for funding purposes was carried out as at 30 September 2018. This valuation revealed a deficit of £121m. A Recovery Plan has been put in place to eliminate the deficit which runs to 30 September 2022 for the majority of employers, although certain employers have different arrangements.

The key valuation assumptions used to determine the assets and liabilities of the Scheme as at 30 September 2018 are detailed below:

Assumption	30 September 2018 valuation % p.a.
Price inflation	RPI* - 3.35%
	CPI* - 2.35%
Discount rate	
-pre-retirement	3.12%**
-post-retirement	
Pensionable earnings growth (annual)	3.35%***

*The Retail Price Inflation (RPI) rate is now based on a gilt inflation curve, rather than using a single inflation rate. The figure shown is the average for the Scheme. CPI Inflation is RPI Inflation less 1% p.a.

** The discount rate is now a single rate based on the gilt yield curve plus a margin. The margin reduces from an initial rate based on the additional asset return from the current investment strategy, taking into account prudence and the employer covenant rating, to a long-term rate of gilts plus 0.5% p.a. over a fixed period. The figure shown is the average for the Scheme.

*** Earnings growth is based on CPI plus 1% p.a.

The SHAPS defined benefit pension liability is accounted for as a defined benefit pension scheme. In accordance with FRS 102 section 28, the operating and financing costs of pension and post retirement schemes (determined by TPT) are recognised separately in the Statement of Comprehensive Income. Service costs are systematically spread over the service lives of the employees and financing costs are recognised in the period in which they arise. The difference between actual and expected returns on assets during the year, including changes in the actuarial assumptions, is recognised in Other Comprehensive Income.

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

33. Pensions (continued)

	31 March 2022 £'000	<i>31 March 2021 £'000</i>
Fair value of plan assets	9,828	9,867
Present value of defined benefit obligation	(9,828)	<i>(10,701)</i>
Defined benefit liability to be recognised	-	<i>(834)</i>

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the defined benefit obligation

	Year ended 31 March 2022 £'000	<i>Year ended 31 March 2021 £'000</i>
Defined benefit obligation at start of period	10,701	8,975
Current service cost	-	-
Expenses	9	9
Interest expense	230	211
Contributions by plan participants	-	-
Actuarial gains due to scheme experience	59	<i>(72)</i>
Actuarial losses/(gains) due to changes in demographic assumptions	33	-
Actuarial gains/(losses) due to changes in financial assumptions	(875)	1,800
Benefits paid and expenses	(329)	<i>(222)</i>
Defined benefit liability at the end of the period	9,828	<i>10,701</i>

Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the fair value of plan assets

	Year ended 31 March 2022 £'000	<i>Year ended 31 March 2021 £'000</i>
Fair value of plan assets at start of the period	9,867	8,918
Interest income	215	213
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income)	(223)	684
Contributions by the employer	298	274
Contributions by plan participants	-	-
Benefits paid and expenses	(329)	<i>(222)</i>
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	9,828	<i>9,867</i>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

33. Pensions (continued)

Defined benefit costs recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income

	Year ended 31 March 2022 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2021 £'000
Current service cost	-	-
Admin expenses	9	9
Net interest expense	15	(2)
Defined benefit costs recognised in Statement of Comprehensive Income	24	7

Defined benefit costs recognised in Other Comprehensive Income

	Year ended 31 March 2022 £'000	Year ended 31 March 2021 £'000
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest cost) - gain	(124)	684
Experience gains and losses arising on the plan liabilities – gain	(59)	72
Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation – gain	(33)	-
Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation – (loss)/gain	875	(1,800)
Total actuarial gains and losses (before restriction due to some of the surplus not being recognisable – (loss)/gain	659	(1,044)
Effects of changes in the amount of surplus that is not recoverable (excluding amounts included in net interest cost) – (loss)/gain	(99)	-
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income – gain/(loss)	560	(1,044)

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022****33. Pensions (continued)****Fund allocation for employer's calculated share of assets**

	31 March 2022	<i>31 March 2021</i>
	£'000	£'000
Global Equity	1,963	1,526
Absolute Return	455	486
Distressed Opportunities	356	337
Credit Relative Value	318	284
Alternative Risk Premia	410	396
Emerging Markets Debt	369	398
Risk Sharing	324	353
Insurance-Linked Securities	208	206
Property	257	177
Infrastructure	620	551
Private Debt	250	233
Opportunistic Illiquid Credit	329	253
High Yield	96	259
Opportunistic Credit	35	269
Cash	28	4
Corporate Bond Fund	627	744
Liquid Credit	64	170
Long Lease Property	286	229
Secured Income	530	542
Over 15 Year Gilts	4	5
Index Linked All Stock Gilts		
Liability Driven Investment	2,402	2,372
Currency Hedging	(36)	-
Net Current Assets	32	73
Less: surplus cap	(99)	-
Total Assets	9,828	9,867

MARYHILL HOUSING ASSOCIATION LIMITED

**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022**

33. Pensions (continued)

The main financial assumptions used by the Scheme Actuary, TPT, in their FRS 102 calculations are as follows:

Assumptions as at	31 March 2022 % Per annum	31 March 2021 % Per annum
Discount rate	2.79%	2.18%
Inflation (RPI)	3.54%	3.27%
Inflation (CPI)	3.17%	2.87%
Salary growth	4.17%	3.87%
Allowance for commutation of pension for cash at retirement	75% of maximum allowance	75% of maximum allowance

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2022 imply the following life expectancies:

	Life expectancy at age 65 (Years)
Male retiring in 2022	21.6
Female retiring in 2022	23.9
Male retiring in 2041	22.9
Female retiring in 2041	25.4

Active members

	Number	Total earnings (£'000s p.a.)	Average age (unweighted)
Males	8	290	39
Females	13	612	46
Total	21	902	43

Deferred members

	Number	Deferred pensions (£'000s p.a.)	Average age (unweighted)
Males	12	38	51
Females	25	78	50
Total	37	116	50

Pensioners

	Number	Pensions (£'000s p.a.)	Average age (unweighted)
Males	21	139	69
Females	11	88	66
Total	32	227	68

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

33. Pensions (continued)

Employer debt on withdrawal

Following a change in legislation in September 2005 there is a potential debt on the employer that could be levied by the Trustee of the Scheme. The debt is due in the event of the employer ceasing to participate in the Scheme or the Scheme winding up. The debt for the Scheme as a whole is calculated by comparing the liabilities for the Scheme (calculated on a buyout basis i.e., the cost of securing the benefits by purchasing annuity policies from an insurer, plus an allowance for expenses) with the assets of the Scheme. If the liabilities exceed the assets there is a buy-out debt.

The leaving employer's share of the buy-out debt is the proportion of the Scheme's liability attributable to employment with the leaving employer compared to the total amount of the Scheme's liabilities (relating to employment with all the employers). The leaving employer's debt therefore includes a share of any 'orphan' liabilities in respect of previously participating employers. The amount of the debt therefore depends on many factors including total Scheme liabilities, Scheme investment performance, the liabilities in respect of current and former employees of the employer, financial conditions at the time of the cessation event and the insurance buy-out market. The amounts of debt can therefore be volatile over time.

The Association has been notified by TPT of the estimated employer debt on withdrawal from the Scheme based on the financial position of the Scheme as at 30 September 2021. As of this date the estimated employer debt for the Association was £4,460,127.

Strathclyde Pension Fund

Maryhill Housing Association Limited participates in the Strathclyde Pension Fund which is a statutory multi-employer defined benefit scheme. It is administered by Glasgow City Council in accordance with the Local Scheme (Scotland) Regulations 1998, as amended. Ten members of staff are members of the Scheme.

The main financial assumptions used by the Council's Actuary, Hymans Robertson, in their 2022 valuations are as follows;

Assumptions as at	31 March 2022	<i>31 March 2021</i>
Pension increase rate	3.15%	2.8%
Salary increase rate	3.85%	3.5%
Discount rate	2.75%	2.05%

Mortality

Life expectancy is based on the fund's VitaCurves with improvement in line with the CMI 2021 model, with a 0% weighting of 2021 data, standard smoothing (Sk7), initial adjustment of 0.5% and a long-term rate of improvement of 1.5% p.a. Based on these assumptions, the average future life expectancies at age 65 are summarised below:

	Males	Females
Current Pensioners	19.6 years	22.4 years
Future Pensioners	21.0 years	24.5 years

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

33. Pensions (continued)

Reconciliation of defined benefit obligation

Year Ended:	31 Mar 2022 £'000	31 Mar 2021 £'000
Opening Defined Benefit Obligation	4,280	3,237
Current Service Cost	126	87
Past Service Cost	-	-
Interest Cost	89	75
Contributions by Members	16	16
Actuarial (gains)/losses	(384)	899
Past Service (gains)/losses	-	-
Liabilities Extinguished on Settlements	-	-
Liabilities Assumed in a Business Combination	-	-
Exchange Differences	-	-
Estimated Unfunded Benefits Paid	-	-
Estimated Benefits Paid	(35)	(34)
Closing Defined Benefit Obligation	4,092	4,280

Reconciliation of fair value of employer assets

Year Ended:	31 Mar 2022 £'000	31 Mar 2021 £'000
Opening Fair Value of Employer Assets	3,706	2,984
Expected Return on Assets	76	69
Contributions by Members	16	16
Contributions by the Employer	36	54
Contributions in respect of Unfunded Benefits	-	-
Actuarial (losses)/gains	211	617
Assets Distributed on Settlements	-	-
Assets Acquired in a Business Combination	-	-
Exchange Differences	-	-
Estimated Unfunded Benefits Paid	-	-
Estimated Benefits Paid	(35)	(34)
Closing Fair Value of Employer Assets	4,010	3,706
Net pension (liability)	(82)	(574)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

33. Pensions (continued)

Analysis of amounts included in Statement of Comprehensive Income

Year Ended:	2022 £ (000)	2021 £ (000)
Expected Return on pension scheme assets	76	69
Interest on pension scheme liabilities	(89)	(75)
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Net Return – finance charge	(13)	(6)
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>
	2022 £ (000)	2021 £ (000)
Current service cost	(126)	(87)
Past service cost		-
Contribution by employers	36	54
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Charge to staff costs	(90)	(33)
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

The expected Employer's contributions for the year to 31 March 2023 will be approximately £43,000

Analysis of amount recognised in Statement of Comprehensive Income

	2022 £ (000)	2021 £ (000)
Actual return less expected return on scheme assets	211	683
Changes in assumptions underlying the present value of scheme liabilities	394	(988)
Other experience	(10)	23
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Actuarial (loss)/gain recognised in other comprehensive income	595	(282)
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34. Contingency

The Association's 30-year business plan contains a contingency sum of £5m in 2023/24 for the potential contribution towards the costs which might be required in the event the render at 3 high rise properties is found to require replacement. The Association is currently progressing legal action/mediation with the contractors involved in the original render installation to assess and decide liability for the apparent failing render. The contingency sum may therefore not be incurred depending on the outcome of the legal action/mediation.